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Report no.: 180903079GZU-003

Jason tu

TEST REPORT

EN 50438: 2013

Requirements for micro-generating plants to be connected in parallel with public low-voltage distribution networks

Report reference No.....: 180903079GZU-003

Tested by Jason Fu

(printed name and signature) Senior Project Engineer

Approved by Tommy Zhong

(printed name and signature) Assistant Technical Manager

Testing Laboratory Name: Intertek Testing Services Shenzhen Ltd. Guangzhou Branch

Address Block E, No.7-2 Guang Dong Software Science Park, Caipin Road,

Guangzhou Science City, GETDD, Guangzhou, China

Testing location: Same as above Address: Same as above

Applicant's Name: Shenzhen SOFAR SOLAR Co., Ltd.

Address: 5/F, Building 4, Antongda Industrial Park, No.1 Liuxian Avenue. Xin'an

Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, P.R, China

Test specification

Standard..... : EN 50438: 2013

Test procedure Type approval for Greece

Non-standard test method: N/A

Test Report Form No. EN50438b

TRF originator Intertek

Master TRF dated 2014-01

Test item description: Hybrid Inverter

SOLAR

Manufacturer: Same as applicant

Factory Dongguan SOFAR SOLAR Co., Ltd

1F-6F, Building E, No.1 JinQi Road, Bihu Industrial Park, Wulian Village,

Fenggang Town, Dongguan City

Model and/or type reference: HYD 6000-ES, HYD 5000-ES, HYD 4000-ES,

HYD 3600-ES, HYD 3000-ES



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Rating	Model	HYD 3000- ES	HYD 3600- ES	HYD 4000- ES	HYD 5000- ES	HYD 6000- ES	
	Max. DC Input Voltage		600 d.c.V				
	Max. PV Isc			2 X 15 d.c.A			
	Battery Type		Lea	d-acid, Lithium	n-ion		
	Battery Voltage Range		42-58 d.c.V				
	Max. Charging Current			65 d.c.A			
	Max. Discharging Current			70 d.c.A			
	Max. Charging & Discharging Power			3000VA			
	Nominal Grid voltage		230 a.c.V				
	Nominal Output Voltage (backup)	230 a.c.V					
	Max. output current	13.7 a.c.A	16 a.c.A	18.2 a.c.A	22.8 a.c.A	27.3 a.c.A	
	Nominal Grid Frequency	50Hz					
	Power Factor		1 (adjustable +/-0	0.8)		
	Nominal output power	3000VA	3680VA	4000VA	5000VA	6000VA	
	Backup Rated current			13.2 a.c.A			
	Backup Rated Apparent Power	3000VA					
	Ingress Protection	IP 65					
	Protective Class	Class I					
	Operating temperature range	-25 ~ +60℃					
	FW Version			V1.00			



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Test case verdicts

Testing

Date of receipt of test item 03 Sep., 2018

General remarks

The test results presented in this report relate only to the object tested.

This report shall not be reproduced, except in full, without the written approval of the Issuing testing laboratory.

"(See Enclosure #)" refers to additional information appended to the report.

"(See appended table)" refers to a table appended to the report.

Throughout this report a point is used as the decimal separator.

When determining the test conclusion, the Measurement Uncertainty of test has been considered.

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General product information:

The unit is a single-phase hybrid inverter, it can converts the high PV voltage and Grid voltage to low DC for charge battery, also converts PV voltage and battery voltage to AC output.

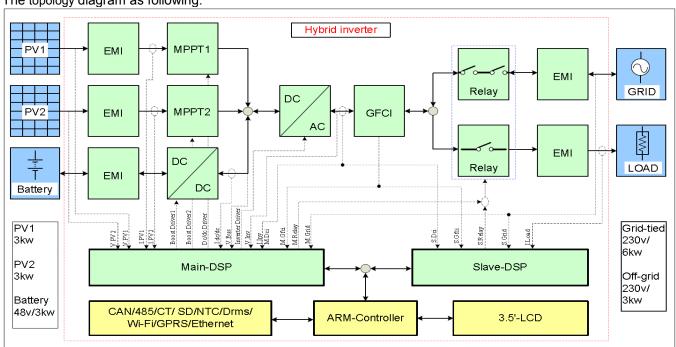
The unit is providing EMC filtering at the PV and battery side. It does provide galvanic separation from PV side to Grid. The battery circuit does provide high frequency isolation to PV side and AC mains.

The unit has two controllers. the master DSP controller monitor the charge or discharge statue; measure the PV voltage and current, battery voltage, bus voltage, buck voltage and current, AC voltage, current, GFCI and frequency.

The slave DSP controller monitor AC voltage , current ,frequency , GFCI and communicate with the master controller

The master DSP and slave DSP are used together to control relay open or close, if the single fault on one DSP, the other one DSP can be capable to open the relay, so that still providing safety means

The topology diagram as following:



Model differences:

The models HYD 3000-ES, HYD 3600-ES, HYD 4000-ES, HYD 5000-ES and HYD 6000-ES are completely identical and output power derated by software, except for the following table.

Model	HYD 6000-ES	HYD 5000-ES	HYD 4000-ES	HYD 3600-ES	HYD 3000-ES
R332, R334,R336	0Ω, NC, 0Ω		Ω, NC, 0Ω NC, 0Ω, NC		
Bus capacitance	8pcs		6pcs		
INV inductor	0.75mH		1.035mH		
R123,R132	1.5ΚΩ, 1.5ΚΩ		499Ω, 499Ω		

Other than special notes, typical model HYD 6000-ES used as representative for testing in this report.

TTRF No. EN50438b



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Interface protection as below:				
Parameter	Time	Setting		
	s			
Over-voltage – stage 1 ^a	3	230 V + 10 %		
Over-voltage – stage 2	0.5	230 V + 15 %		
Under-voltage	0.5	230 V - 20 %		
Over-frequency	0.5	51Hz (islands); 50.5Hz (continent)		
Under-frequency	0.5	47.5Hz (islands); 49.5Hz (continent)		
LoM	5	Refer to VDE 0126		

Tolerances on Voltage: $\pm 1\% \text{Un}$ Tolerances on Frequency: $\pm 0.05 \text{Hz}$



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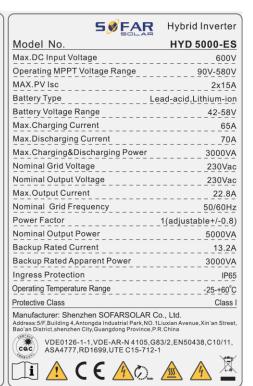
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Copy of marking plate:

5øfar	Hybrid Inverter	
Model No.	HYD 3600-ES	
Max.DC Input Voltage	600V	
Operating MPPT Voltage Range	90V-580V	
MAX.PV Isc	2x15A	
Battery Type Le	ead-acid,Lithium-ion	
Battery Voltage Range	42-58V	
Max.Charging Current	65A	
Max.Discharging Current	70A	
Max.Charging&Discharging Power	3000VA	
Nominal Grid Voltage	230Vac	
Nominal Output Voltage	230Vac	
Max.Output Current	16A	
Nominal Grid Frequency	50/60Hz	
Power Factor	1(adjustable+/-0.8)	
Nominal Output Power	3680VA	
Backup Rated Current	13.2A	
Backup Rated Apparent Power	3000VA	
Ingress Protection	IP65	
Operating Temperature Range	25-+60°C	
Protective Class	Class I	
Manufacturer: Shenzhen SOFARSOLAR Co., Ltd. Address:5/F,Building 4,Antongda Industrial Park,NO.1Liuxian Avenue,Xin'an Street, Bao'an District,shenzhen City,Guangdong Province,P.R.China		
VDE0126-1-1,VDE-AR-N 4105,G ASA4777,RD1699,UTE C15-712-		
<u> </u>		

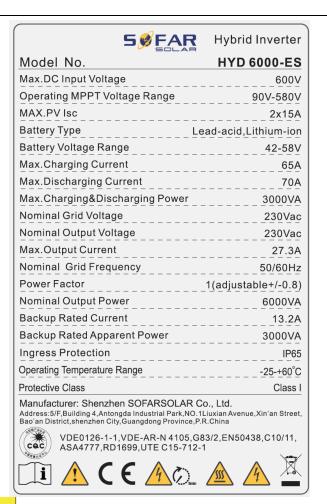
5 €FAR	Hybrid Inverter
Model No.	HYD 3000-ES
Max.DC Input Voltage	600V
Operating MPPT Voltage Range	90V-580V
MAX.PV Isc	2x15A
Battery Type L	_ead-acid,Lithium-ion
Battery Voltage Range	42-58V
Max.Charging Current	65A
Max.Discharging Current	70A
Max.Charging&Discharging Power	3000VA
Nominal Grid Voltage	230Vac
Nominal Output Voltage	230Vac
Max.Output Current	13.7A
Nominal Grid Frequency	50/60Hz
Power Factor	1(adjustable+/-0.8)
Nominal Output Power	3000VA
Backup Rated Current	13.2A
Backup Rated Apparent Power	3000VA
Ingress Protection	IP65
Operating Temperature Range	-25-+60°C
Protective Class	Class
Manufacturer: Shenzhen SOFARSOLAR Address: 5/F, Building 4, Antongda Industrial Park, NO Bao'an District, shenzhen City, Guangdong Province,	.1Liuxian Avenue, Xin'an Street
VDE0126-1-1,VDE-AR-N 4105, ASA4777,RD1699,UTE C15-712	
Ti A CE AO	

50 FAR	Hybrid Inverter
Model No.	HYD 4000-ES
Max.DC Input Voltage	600V
Operating MPPT Voltage Range	90V-580V
MAX.PV Isc	2x15A
Battery Type	Lead-acid,Lithium-ion
Battery Voltage Range	42-58V
Max.Charging Current	65A
Max.Discharging Current	70A
Max.Charging&Discharging Power	3000VA
Nominal Grid Voltage	230Vac
Nominal Output Voltage	230Vac
Max.Output Current	18.2A
Nominal Grid Frequency	50/60Hz
Power Factor	_1(adjustable+/-0.8)
Nominal Output Power	4000VA
Backup Rated Current	13.2A
Backup Rated Apparent Power	3000VA
Ingress Protection	IP65
Operating Temperature Range	25- <u>+</u> 60°C
Protective Class	Class I
Manufacturer: Shenzhen SOFARSOLAR Address:5/F,Building 4,Antongda Industrial Park,NC Bao'an District,shenzhen City,Guangdong Province	D.1Liuxian Avenue, Xin'an Street,
VDE0126-1-1,VDE-AR-N 4105, ASA4777,RD1699,UTE C15-71	
(III) <u>∧</u> (€ <u>∧</u> ⊘.	





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Do not work on this equipment until it is isolated from <u>both</u> mains <u>and</u> on-site generation supplies

Note:

- 1. The above markings are the minimum requirements required by the safety standard. For the final production samples, the additional markings which do not give rise to misunderstanding may be added.
- 2. Label is attached on the side surface of enclosure and visible after installation.



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	EN50438		
CI.	Requirement - Test	Result	Verdict
4	Technical requirements		Р
4.1	Electrical installation		N/A
4.1.1	General		N/A
	Low voltage electrical installations shall comply with national and local regulation. In case of any hardware malfunctioning, disconnection is required.	Shall be complied with end installation	N/A
4.1.2	Over-current protection		N/A
	The micro-generating plant shall be protected against over-current according to the HD 60364 series. When selecting the over-current protection within the domestic installation it is necessary to ensure correct selectivity with the DSO's protection devices.	Shall be complied with end installation	N/A
4.1.3	Earthing	Shall be complied with end installation	N/A
	Earthing shall be according to HD 60364-5-551 and the relevant national standards.		N/A
	When a micro-generator is operating in parallel with the distribution network, there shall be no direct connection between the generator winding (or pole of the primary energy source in the case of a DC sourced micro-generator) and the DSO's earth terminal. For installations where the customer provides his own earth terminal, e.g. when connected to a TT system, it is also advisable to avoid connecting the generator winding to this earth terminal.		N/A
	For a micro-generator which is designed to operate in parallel with a distribution network but which is connected via an inverter (e.g. a PV array or a stationary fuel cell power system) it is permissible to connect one pole of the DC side of the inverter to the distribution network if there is insulation between the AC and the DC sides of the inverter. In such cases, the installer/manufacturer shall take all reasonable precautions to ensure that the microgenerator will not impair the integrity of the distribution network and will not suffer unacceptable damage for all credible operating conditions, including faults on the distribution network.		N/A
4.2	Normal operating range		Р
4.2.1	General		Р



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	Popult	Vardiat
Requirement - Test	Result	Verdict
Generating plants have to be able to operate in the operating range specified below regardless the topology and the settings of the interface protection.		Р
Continuous voltage operation range		Р
The generating plant shall be capable not to disconnect due to voltage when the voltage at the point of connection stays within the range of 0,85 Un to 1,1 Un.		Р
The generating plant owner shall take into account the voltage rise and voltage drop within the installation when considering the wider operating range for the generator unit itself.		Р
Continuous frequency operation range		Р
The generating plant shall be capable to operate continuously when the frequency at the point of connection stays within the range of 49 Hz to 51 Hz.		Р
Linear generators, coupled directly and synchronously to the grid, and powered by free piston stirling engines are permitted to disconnect below 49,5 Hz and above 50,5 Hz.		N/A
Response to under-frequencies		Р
A generating plant shall be resilient to reductions of frequency at the point of connection while reducing the maximum power as little as possible.		Р
Table 1 shows the minimum time periods a generating plant has to be able to operate without disconnecting from the network.	See appended table	Р
The admissible active power reduction due to under-frequency below 49,5 Hz is limited by a reduction rate of 10 % of the momentary power P _M per 1 Hz frequency drop as given by the full line in Figure 2.	See appended table	Р
Respecting the legal framework, it is possible that a more stringent power reduction characteristic is required by the DSO in coordination with the TSO. Nevertheless this requirement shall be limited to an admissible active power reduction due to underfrequency below 49,0 Hz with a reduction rate of 2 % of the momentary power PM per 1 Hz frequency drop as indicated by the dotted line in Figure 2. Acceptance of this reduction is limited to a selection		P
of affected generation technologies and may be subject to further conditions decided by the relevant TSO.		·
Power response to over-frequency		Р
A generating plant shall be resilient to over-frequency at the point of connection.		Р
	Requirement - Test Generating plants have to be able to operate in the operating range specified below regardless the topology and the settings of the interface protection. Continuous voltage operation range The generating plant shall be capable not to disconnect due to voltage when the voltage at the point of connection stays within the range of 0,85 Unto 1,1 Un. The generating plant owner shall take into account the voltage rise and voltage drop within the installation when considering the wider operating range for the generator unit itself. Continuous frequency operation range The generating plant shall be capable to operate continuously when the frequency at the point of connection stays within the range of 49 Hz to 51 Hz. Linear generators, coupled directly and synchronously to the grid, and powered by free piston stirling engines are permitted to disconnect below 49,5 Hz and above 50,5 Hz. Response to under-frequencies A generating plant shall be resilient to reductions of frequency at the point of connection while reducing the maximum power as little as possible. Table 1 shows the minimum time periods a generating plant has to be able to operate without disconnecting from the network. The admissible active power reduction due to under-frequency below 49,5 Hz is limited by a reduction rate of 10 % of the momentary power PM per 1 Hz frequency drop as given by the full line in Figure 2. Respecting the legal framework, it is possible that a more stringent power reduction characteristic is required by the DSO in coordination with the TSO. Nevertheless this requirement shall be limited to an admissible active power reduction due to underfrequency below 49,0 Hz with a reduction rate of 2 % of the momentary power PM per 1 Hz frequency drop as indicated by the dotted line in Figure 2. Acceptance of this reduction is limited to a selection of affected generation technologies and may be subject to further conditions decided by the relevant TSO. Power response to over-frequency A generating plant shal	Requirement - Test Result Generating plants have to be able to operate in the operating range specified below regardless the topology and the settings of the interface protection. Continuous voltage operation range The generating plant shall be capable not to disconnect due to voltage when the voltage at the point of connection stays within the range of 0,85 Un to 1,1 Un. The generating plant owner shall take into account the voltage rise and voltage drop within the installation when considering the wider operating range for the generator unit itself. Continuous frequency operation range The generating plant shall be capable to operate continuously when the frequency at the point of connection stays within the range of 49 Hz to 51 Hz. Linear generators, coupled directly and synchronously to the grid, and powered by free piston stirling engines are permitted to disconnect below 49,5 Hz and above 50,5 Hz. Response to under-frequencies A generating plant shall be resilient to reductions of frequency at the point of connection while reducing the maximum power as little as possible. Table 1 shows the minimum time periods a generating plant has to be able to operate without disconnecting from the network. The admissible active power reduction due to under-frequency below 49,5 Hz is limited by a reduction rate of 10 % of the momentary power PM per 1 Hz frequency drop as given by the full line in Figure 2. Respecting the legal framework, it is possible that a more stringent power reduction characteristic is required by the DSO in coordination with the TSO. Nevertheless this requirement shall be limited to an admissible active power reduction in the reduction rate of 2 % of the momentary power PM per 1 Hz frequency drop as indicated by the dotted line in Figure 2. Acceptance of this reduction is limited to a selection of affected generation technologies and may be subject to further conditions decided by the relevant TSO. Power response to over-frequency A generating plant shall be resilient to over-



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CI.	Requirement - Test	Result	Verdict
Ci.	requirement - rest	Nesuit	Verdict
	Table 2 shows the minimum time periods a generating plant has to be able to operate without disconnecting from the network.	See appended table	Р
	Unless otherwise required by the DSO, the microgenerating plant shall be capable of activating activepower frequency response at a programmable frequency threshold f1 at least between and including 50,2 Hz and 52 Hz with a programmable droop in a range of at least 2 % – 12 %. The droop is relative to PM, the actual AC output power at the instance when the frequency reaches the threshold f1. The resolution of the frequency measurement shall be +/- 10 mHz or less. After the programmable intentional delay, the active power frequency response shall be delivered with an accuracy of ± 10 % Pn and with a settling time less than 2 s.	The default Threshold f1 setting to 50.2Hz with programmable droop 5%	Р
	The generator shall be capable of activating active power frequency response as fast as technically feasible with an initial delay that shall be as short as possible with a maximum of 2 s. If the initial delay is below 2 s an intentional delay shall be programmable to adjust the total response time to a value between the initial response time and 2 s.	Intentional delay is setting to 0s	Р
	After activation, the frequency droop function shall use the actual frequency at any time.		Р
	If the initial delay is greater than 2 s it shall be reasonably justified by the manufacturer to the DSO.		N/A
	The settings for the threshold frequency f1, the droop and the intentional delay are provided by the DSO and shall be field adjustable. If no settings are provided, the default settings in Table 3 shall be applied.	It can be filed adjustable accessed by communication port RS 485	Р
	For field adjustable settings means shall be provided to protect the settings from unpermitted interference (e.g. password or seal) if required by the DSO.	Authority to use	Р
	When applying active power response to over- frequency, the frequency threshold f1 should be set to a value from 50,2 Hz up to 50,5 Hz.	Setting of 50.2Hz	Р
	It shall be taken into account that, in case of islanding, a power reduction would correct any excess of generation leading to a generation-consumption balance. In these circumstances, an islanding situation with stable frequency would take place, in which the correct behaviour of any LoM detection based on frequency as those mentioned in 4.6.2 (Table 4) might be hindered.		Р



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Cl.	Requirement - Test	Result	Verdict
	Generators for which it is technically not feasible to reduce power over the full droop range in the required time shall activate active power frequency response as above in the fast controllable range of output power. Once the limit of fast controllable frequency response is reached, this power level is maintained constant. The unit has to shut off at a random frequency between the frequency threshold f1 and fmax; with fmax the disconnection limit for overfrequency as provided by the DSO. If no setting is provided, the default setting for fmax is 51,5 Hz.	The default setting for f _{max} is 51.15Hz	P
	After European Network Codes will come into force, the decision about the ability should be according to the derogation process.		Р
	The overall effect on transmission network level of multiple units with the random frequency disconnection function should emulate the droop curve given by Table 1 resp. the setting in Annex A.		Р
	After a frequency excursion, once the frequency drops below the threshold frequency f ₁ the microgenerating plant is allowed to rise the power above P _M . The active power generated by a generating plant shall not exceed the specified gradient expressed as a percentage of the active nominal power of the unit per minute. If no gradient is specified by the DSO, the default setting is 10 % P _n /min. Nonadjustable or partly adjustable generating plant that have been disconnected shall reconnect according to 4.7.2.	the default setting is 10 % P _n /min	P
4.3	Reactive power capability		Р
4.3.1	Inverter based micro-generator		Р
	The micro-generator shall be capable to operate, under normal stationary operating conditions in the voltage tolerance band according to 4.2.2, with the following reactive power exchange (see Figure 3):		Р
	 following a characteristic curve provided by the DSO (see 4.4) within the active factors cos φ = 0,90under-excited to 0,90over-excited when the active power output of the micro- generator is more than or equal to 20 % of its nominal active power; 		P
	not exchanging more reactive power than 10 % of the micro-generator's nominal active power when the active power output is less than 20 % of its nominal active power.		Р
4.3.2	Directly coupled micro-generator with no inverter		N/A



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Requirement - Test	Result	Verdict
The power factor of the micro-generator at normal steady-state operating conditions across the statutory tolerance band of nominal voltage shall be above 0,95, provided the output active power of the micro-generator is above 20 % the nominal output power of the unit. Below 20 % nominal output power the micro-generator shall not exchange more reactive power than 10 % of its nominal active output power.		N/A
Reactive power control modes	See appended table	Р
General		Р
Only when a reactive power exchange capability following a characteristic curve is required (see 4.3), the requirements of 4.4.3 shall apply.		Р
The control shall be delivered at the terminals of the micro-generator. The micro-generator shall be capable of operating in the following control modes within the limits stated in 4.3:		Р
Q (U)	Under consideration	Р
Cos φ fix		Р
Cos φ (P)		Р
The configuration of the control modes shall be field adjustable. The activation and deactivation of the control modes shall be field adjustable.		Р
For field adjustable configurations and activation/deactivation of the control mode, means shall be provided to protect the settings from unpermitted interference (e.g. password or seal) if required by the DSO.		Р
The accuracy for controlled reactive power shall be below ± 2 % of nominal power of the microgenerator. The accuracy is always stated in reactive power, even if the used control mode is		Р
The type of contribution to voltage control by reactive power shall be specified by the DSO. If no characteristic curve is specified by the DSO, the micro-generator shall operate with an active factor = 1.		Р
Fix control mode cos φ		Р
The fix control mode controls the active factor cos φ of the micro-generator's output according to a setpoint set in the control of the micro-generator.		Р
Voltage related control mode Q(U)		Р
The voltage related control mode Q(U) controls the reactive power output as a function of the voltage.		Р
	Requirement - Test The power factor of the micro-generator at normal steady-state operating conditions across the statutory tolerance band of nominal voltage shall be above 0,95, provided the output active power of the micro-generator is above 20 % the nominal output power of the unit. Below 20 % nominal output power the micro-generator shall not exchange more reactive power than 10 % of its nominal active output power. Reactive power control modes General Only when a reactive power exchange capability following a characteristic curve is required (see 4.3), the requirements of 4.4.3 shall apply. The control shall be delivered at the terminals of the micro-generator. The micro-generator shall be capable of operating in the following control modes within the limits stated in 4.3: Q (U) Cos φ fix Cos φ (P) The configuration of the control modes shall be field adjustable. The activation and deactivation of the control modes shall be field adjustable. For field adjustable configurations and activation/deactivation of the control mode, means shall be provided to protect the settings from unpermitted interference (e.g. password or seal) if required by the DSO. The accuracy for controlled reactive power shall be below ± 2 % of nominal power of the microgenerator. The accuracy is always stated in reactive power, even if the used control mode is referring to the active factor. The type of contribution to voltage control by reactive power shall be specified by the DSO, If no characteristic curve is specified by the DSO, the micro-generator shall operate with an active factor = 1. Fix control mode cos φ The fix control mode controls the active factor cos φ of the micro-generator soutput according to a setpoint set in the control of the micro-generator. Voltage related control mode Q(U) controls the	Requirement - Test



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	EN50438		1
CI.	Requirement - Test	Result	Verdict
	For evaluating the voltage one of the following methods shall be used:		Р
	the positive sequence of the symmetrical components;		N/A
	the average voltage of a three phase system;		Р
	phase independently the voltage of every phase to determine the reactive power for every phase.		N/A
	A characteristic curve according to Figure 4 shall be configurable.		Р
	Additional to the characteristic the dynamic response of the control should be configurable. The dynamics of the control should correspond with a first order filter having a time constant that is configurable in the range of 3 s to 60 s. The time to reach 95 % of a new set point due to a change in voltage will be 3 times the time constant.		Р
4.4.4	Power related control mode Cos φ (P)		Р
	The power related control mode Cos ϕ (P) controls the active factor Cos ϕ of the micro-generator's output as a function of its active power output.		Р
	A characteristic according to Figure 4 has to be configurable.		Р
	New set values due to a change of the active power output have to be adjusted within a settling time of 10 s. The rate of change of reactive power should be in the same time range as and synchronized with the rate of change of active power.		Р
4.5	Voltage control by active power		Р
	In order to avoid disconnection due to the overvoltage protection the micro-generating plant is allowed to reduce active power output as a function of this rising voltage. If this function is activated, the micro-generating plant may reduce active power according to a logic chosen by the manufacturer. Nevertheless, this logic shall not result in steps of output power.		Р
4.6	Interface protection	Integral to the micro-generator	Р
4.6.1	General		Р
4.6.1.1	Introduction		Р



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	EN50438	Г	1
CI.	Requirement - Test	Result	Verdict
	The purpose of the interface protection is to ensure that the connection of a micro-generator will not impair the integrity or degrade the safety of the distribution network. The interface protection shall be insensitive to voltage and frequency variations in the distribution network within the voltage and frequency settings.		Р
	The interface protection, monitoring and control functions may be incorporated into the microgenerator control system, or may be fitted as discrete separate mounted devices.		Р
	The interface protection settings shall be field adjustable.	Accessed by communication ports	Р
	For field adjustable settings means shall be provided to protect the settings from unpermitted interference (e.g. password or seal) if required by the DSO.		Р
	The protection functions have to evaluate at least all phases where micro-generators, covered by this protection system, are connected to.		Р
	In case of three phase generating units/plants and when the protection system is implemented as a external protection system in a three phase supply system, all phase to phase or all phase to neutral voltages have to be evaluated.		Р
	The frequency has to be evaluated on at least one of the supply voltages.		Р
	If multiple signals (e.g. three phase to phase voltages) are to be evaluated by one protection function, this function has to evaluate all of the signals separately. The output of each evaluation has to be OR connected, so that if one signal passes the threshold of a function, the function has to trip the protection in the specified time.		Р
	The minimum required accuracy is:		Р
	• for frequency measurement ± 0,05 Hz;		Р
	• for voltage measurement ± 1 % of U _n .		Р
	The measurement point can be inside the microgenerator or anywhere between the microgenerator terminals and up to the point of connection.		Р
	If the interface protection system is external to the generating unit, it should measure as close as possible to the point of connection. The voltage rise between the point of connection and the measurement input of the interface protection system should be kept as small as possible to avoid nuisance tripping of the overvoltage protection.	Internal of inverter	N/A



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	EN50438		
CI.	Requirement - Test	Result	Verdict
	In order to avoid continuous starting and disengaging operations of the interface protection relay, the disengaging value of frequency and voltage functions shall be above 2 % deviating from the operate value.		N/A
4.6.1.2	Response to protection operation		Р
	The micro-generator shall disconnect from the network in response to an interface protection operation.		Р
4.6.1.3	Place of the interface protection		Р
	The interface protection can either be incorporated within the micro-generator or implemented by separate devices. In either case, the interface protection shall meet the relevant requirements of IEC 60255-127 and the manufacturer of the microgenerator shall declare that the combined devices fulfil these requirements.	incorporated within the micro- generator	Р
4.6.1.4	Changing settings of the interface protection		Р
	The interface protection settings may only be altered from the settings chosen at the time of commissioning or during later reconfiguration, with the written agreement of the DSO and then only in accordance with the manufacturer instructions. It shall not be permissible for the user to alter the interface protection settings.		P
4.6.1.5	Combined protection device for multiple generators		N/A
	It is allowed to use a protection system that provides interface protection for two or more microgenerators up to and including 16 A per phase in aggregate. However, the possibility to use Inform and Fit then depends on the conditions of the type of conformity assessment of the protection system.		N/A
	If two or more micro-generators, each with their own interface device, are placed in parallel, the proper combined working of the protection devices shall be ensured.		N/A
	In the case of adding a generator to the combined protection device, the DSO shall be consulted.		N/A
4.6.2	Interface protection settings		Р
	The interface protection settings are provided by the DSO. If no settings are provided, the default settings in Table 4 should be applied.		Р
4.6.3	Requirements regarding single fault tolerance of interface protection system		Р



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	EN50438		
CI.	Requirement - Test	Result	Verdict
			•
	The interface protection system consisting of the interface protection relay and the interface switch shall meet the requirements of single fault tolerance.	Single fault condition have been considered	Р
	A single fault shall not lead to a loss of the safety functions. Faults of common cause shall be taken into account if the probability for the occurrence of such a fault is significant. Whenever reasonably practical, the individual fault shall be displayed and lead to the disconnection of the power generation unit or system.		P
	Series-connected switches shall each have independently a breaking capacity corresponding to the rated current of the micro-generator and corresponding to the short circuit contribution of the microgenerator.		Р
	The short-time withstand current of the switching devices shall be coordinated with maximum short circuit power at the connection point.		Р
	At least one of the switches shall be a switch-disconnector suitable for over-voltage category 2. For single-phase micro-generators, the switch shall have one contact of this over-voltage category each for both the neutral conductor and the line conductor. For poly-phase supply systems, it is required to have one contact of this over-voltage category each for all active conductors. The second switch may be formed by electronic switching components of an inverter bridge or another circuit provided that the electronic switching components can be switched off by control signals and that it is ensured that a failure is detected and leads to prevention of the operation at the latest at the next reconnection.	Relay is used as disconnector suitable for over-voltage category 2 See CE report for details	P
	For PV-inverters without simple separation between the network and the PV generator (e.g. PV Inverter without transformer) both switches mentioned in the paragraph above shall be switch disconnectors with the requirements described therein, although one switching device is permitted to be located between PV generator and PV inverter.		N/A
4.7	Connection and starting to generate electrical power		Р
4.7.1	General		Р



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	EN50438	Report no 1608	00070020
CI.	Requirement - Test	Result	Verdict
<u> </u>	rtoquii onionic i root	rtoodit	Volunt
	Connection and starting to generate electrical power is only allowed after voltage and frequency is within the allowed voltage range and the allowed frequency range for at least the specified observation time. It shall be impossible to overrule these conditions. The setting of the conditions depends on whether the connection is due to a normal operational start-up or an automatic reconnection after tripping of the interface protection.		P
	The frequency range, the voltage range, the observation time and the power gradient shall be field adjustable.		Р
	For field adjustable settings, means shall be provided to protect the settings from unpermitted interference (e.g. password or seal) if required by the DSO.		Р
4.7.2	Automatic reconnection after tripping		Р
	If no settings are specified by the DSO, the default settings for the reconnection after tripping of the interface protection are:		Р
	• Frequency range: 47,5 Hz ≤ f ≤ 50,05 Hz	See appended table	Р
	Voltage range: 0,85Un ≤ U ≤ 1,10Un	See appended table	Р
	Minimum observation time: 60 s	180 s	Р
	After reconnection the active power generated by the generating plant shall not exceed a specified gradient expressed as a percentage of the active nominal power of the unit per minute. If no gradient is specified by the DSO, the default setting is 10 % P _n /min. Non-adjustable or partly adjustable generating units may connect after 1 min to 10 min (randomised value) or later.	The default setting is 10 % P _n /min	Р
4.7.3	Starting to generate electrical power		Р
	If no settings are specified by the DSO the default settings for connection or starting to generate electrical power due to normal operational start-up or activity are:		Р
	• Frequency range: 47,5 Hz ≤ f ≤ 50,1 Hz	See appended table	Р
	Voltage range: 0,85Un ≤ U ≤ 1,10Un	See appended table	Р
	Minimum observation time: 60 s	180 s	Р
	If applicable, the power gradient shall not exceed the maximum gradient specified by the DSO in the connection agreement. Heat driven CHP microgenerators do not need to keep a maximum gradient, since the start up is randomised by the nature of the heat demand.	The default setting is 10 % P₀/min	Р



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	EN50438		
CI.	Requirement - Test	Result	Verdict
	For manual operations performed on site (e.g. for the purpose of initial start-up or maintenance) it is permitted to deviate from the observation time and ramp rate.		N/A
4.7.4	Synchronisation		Р
	Synchronising a micro-generator with the distribution network shall be fully automatic i.e. it shall not be possible to manually close the switch between the two systems to carry out synchronisation.		Р
4.8	Power quality		Р
4.8.1	General		Р
	As any other apparatus or fixed installation, microgenerators have to comply with the requirements on electromagnetic compatibility established in Directive 2004/108/EC.		Р
	They are also expected to be compatible with voltage characteristics at the point of connection to the public network, as described in 4.2.		Р
	As long as specific tests for generators are not available, generic EMC standards, regarding immunity as well as emission, should be applied. The applicable standards, which in turn describe the test in accordance with basic standards (EN 61000-3, all parts, and EN 61000-4, all parts), are:		Р
	Immunity: EN 61000-6-1 (residential, commercial and light-industrial environments);		Р
	Emission: EN 61000-6-3 (residential, commercial and light-industrial environments): in this generic emission standard reference is made to e.g. the harmonics and voltage variation basic standards listed in Table 5.		Р
	In addition, the application of the requirements and tests described in IEC/TR 61000-3-15 is recommended, with the exception of those aspects already regulated by specific national rules.		Р
	Generating plants can also disturb mains signaling (ripple control or power line carrier systems). EMC requirements on inter-harmonics and on conducted disturbances in frequency range between 2 kHz and 150 kHz are under development. In countries where such communication systems are used, national requirement may apply.		Р
4.8.2	DC injection		Р
4.8.2	The generating unit shall not inject a direct current.	See appended table	Р



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	EN50438	•	
CI.	Requirement - Test	Result	Verdict
-	On anti-manda of the of the miles and an anti-man		Р
5	Operation and safety of the micro-generator		
5.1	General		P
	The micro-generator shall operate safely over the entire designed and declared operating range.		P
	The settings of (country-specific) field adjustable set-points shall be readable from the microgenerator, for example on a display panel, user interface, or via a communication port.	Via a communication port	Р
5.2	Safety		Р
	This European Standard does not cover the safety of DSO personnel or their contracted parties, as their safety is a combination of electrical conditions and working instructions.		Р
	General requirements for safety of persons at work in or near and operation of electrical installations are given in EN 50110 (all parts), also national regulations can be applicable.		Р
5.3	Information plate		Р
	In absence of product specific standards (e.g. EN 50524) the following information shall appear on the micro-generator nameplate:		Р
	 manufacturer's name or trade mark; 		Р
	 type designation or identification number, or any other means of identification making it possible to obtain relevant information from the manufacturer; 		Р
	• nominal power;		Р
	• nominal voltage;		Р
	nominal frequency;		Р
	• phases;		Р
	 active factor range or, if no active factor is adjustable, the minimal power factor. 		Р
	This information shall be provided on a plate on or in the micro-generator and shall be copied in the user manual as well as other related documentation. In addition, a serial number may be added to the plate only.		Р
	This information could be part of the information plate of the entire micro-generator system.		Р
	All the information shall be given in the language and in accordance with the practice of the country in which the micro-generator is intended to be installed or alternatively in English language.	English language	Р



	Page 20 of 48 EN50438	Report no.: 180	903019G2
CI.	Requirement - Test	Result	Verdic
O1.	requirement - rest	resuit	Verdic
5.4	Labelling		Р
	A warning notice shall be placed in such a position that any person gaining access to live parts will be warned in advance of the need to isolate those live parts from all points of supply.	Shall be noted in the field	Р
	Special attention should be paid that the power supply, measuring circuits (sense lines) and other parts may not be isolated from the network when the switch of the interface protection is open.		Р
	As a minimum, warning labels shall be placed:		Р
	 on the switchboard (DSO panel and consumer unit) that has the micro- generator connected to it; 		Р
	 on all switchboards in between the consumer unit and the micro-generator itself; 		N/A
	on, or in the micro-generator itself;		N/A
	at all points of isolation for the micro- generator.		N/A
	All the information shall be given in the language and in accordance with the practice of the country in which the micro-generator is intended to be installed.		Р
5.5	Maintenance and routine testing		Р
	The manufacturer shall provide a time frame for maintenance and routine testing.		Р
	The user is responsible for the proper maintenance and routine testing.		Р
	Maintenance and routine testing shall be carried out by qualified service technicians.		Р
	With respect to service technicians, additional national requirements shall be taken into account.		Р
3	Commissioning		Р
	This European Standard applies to type-tested micro-generators.		Р
	The following conditions shall be met for the installation:		Р
	the micro-generator (including the interface protection) shall fulfil the requirements of this standard and the other applicable standards;		P
	the manufacturer shall provide an installation instruction in accordance with this standard and national or regional requirements;		Р
	access to the interface protection settings shall be tamper-proof;		Р
	in the absence of product standards the micro- generator shall be type tested against the interface requirements of this standard;		Р



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CI.	Requirement - Test	Result	Verdict
	the installation shall be carried out by installers with recognised and approved qualification related to the fuels used, general electrical installations and a particular qualification relating to installation of micro-generators;		P
	the installer shall provide a single line diagram of the electricity generating facility. The single line diagram shall show the circuit breaker, the protections, the inverter, etc.		Р
	The user respective the installer should be aware that in addition to the DSO the energy supplier and/or the metering authority will need to be informed for contractual reasons.		Р
	Unless otherwise stated by national legislation or regulation, prior consent of the DSO is necessary.		Р
Annex A	National settings and requirements		Р
A.1	General		Р
A.2	AT – Austria		N/A
A.3	BE – Belgium		N/A
A.4	CY – Cyprus		N/A
A.5	CZ – Czech Republic		N/A
A.6	DE – Germany		N/A
A.7	DK – Denmark		N/A
A.8	EE – Estonia		N/A
A.9	ES – Spain		N/A
A.10	FI – Finland		N/A
A.11	FR – France		N/A
A.12	GB – United Kingdom		N/A
A.13	IE – Ireland		N/A
A.14	IT – Italy		N/A
A.15	LV – Latvia		N/A
A.16	NL – The Netherlands		N/A
A.17	NO – Norway		N/A
A.18	PL – Poland		N/A
A.19	SI – Slovenia		N/A
A.20	SE – Sweden		N/A
Annex B	Loss of Mains and overall system security	Refer to VDE 0126	Р



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CI.	Requirement - Test	Result	Verdict
Annex C	Example notification sheets		
Annex D	Compliance type testing		Р
D.1	General		Р
D.2	Type testing of the interface protection		Р
D.2.1	Introduction		Р
D.2.2	General		Р
D.2.3	Over-/under-voltage		Р
D.2.4	Over- /under-frequency		Р
D.2.5	Loss of Mains (LoM) detection		Р
D.3	Type testing of a micro-generator		Р
D.3.1	Operating range		Р
D.3.2	Active power feed-in at under-frequency		Р
D.3.3	Power response to over-frequency		Р
D.3.4	Reactive power capability		Р
D.3.5	Voltage control by active power		N/A
D.3.6	Connection and starting to generate electrical power		Р
D.3.7	Short-circuit current contribution	Manufacturers declare the short circuit contribution in the installation manual	N/A
D.3.8	Harmonic current emission		Р
D.3.9	Voltage fluctuations and flicker		Р
D.3.10	DC injection		Р
Annex E	Example test results sheet		
Annex F	Commissioning		Р
Annex G	Countries allowing extension of the scope > 16 A		N/A
G.1	General		N/A
G.2	CY – Cyprus		N/A
G.3	FI – Finland		N/A
G.4	IE – Ireland		N/A
	•	•	



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D.2.3 Over-/under-voltage	•					Р	
		Over \	/oltage		Under \	Voltage	
Parameter		Voltage	Disconnection	Volt	200	Disconnection	
		voltage	Time	VOII	aye	Time	
Protection limit		264.5V	0.5s	18	4V	0.5s	
Actual setting		264.5V	0.2s	18	4V	0.2s	
(as applied to interface pro	otection)	204.5 V	0.23	10	T V	0.23	
Trip value (test result)-1	L-N	263.9V	161.0ms	185	.7V	149.5ms	
Trip value (test result)-2	L-N	263.9V	160.0ms	185	.5V	148.5ms	
Trip value (test result)-3	L-N	263.9V	168.5ms	185	.5V	172.5ms	
Trip value (test result)-4	L-N	263.9V	167.0ms	185	.7V	171.5ms	
Trip value (test result)-5	L-N	263.9V	164.5ms	185	.7V	149.5ms	
Over-voltage stage 1*	`	cording to EN 5016	,	ction after de	etection of	a overvoltage at	
			l lade within ee	Sw	toh		
	Ou	tput Voltage (V)	0.10%				
			On/Off state			off state Finally	
100% Un		230.0	⊠On	□Off	W	ork normally	
112% Un		257.6	□On	⊠Off		516s	
100% Un		230.0	⊠On	□Off	Work normally		
108% Un		248.4	⊠On	□Off	Work normally		
106% Un		243.8	⊠On	□Off	ff Work normally		
114% Un		262.2	□On	⊠Off		302s	

^{*}The calculation of the 10 min value tested and compliance.

The operate values are within \pm 1% Un

The measured trip time was captured by oscilloscope, which colour yellow denotes trip signal, Green denotes output voltage of EUT, and Purple denotes output current of EUT

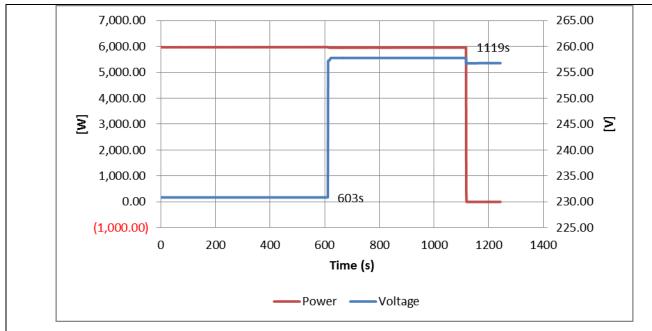


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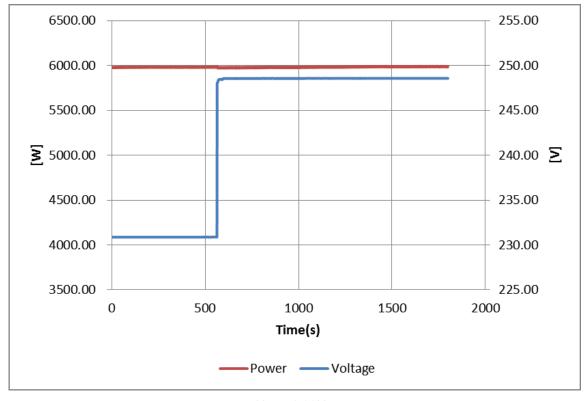








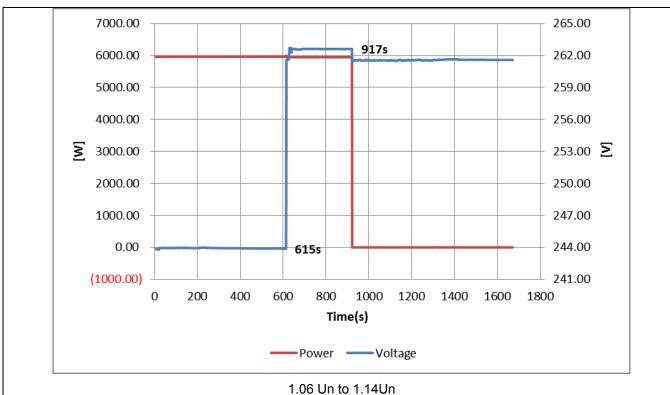
Un to 1.12Un



Un to 1.08Un



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Over-voltage – stage 1: 10-min-value corresponding to EN 50160.

	0,405 F5	oguenov.	Lindar F	- Carronov
	Over Fi	equency	Under Fi	requency
Parameter	Frequency	Time	Frequency	Time
Protection limit	51Hz	0.5s	47.5Hz	0.5s
Actual setting	5411	0.4	47.511	0.4
as applied to interface protection)	51Hz	0.4s	47.5Hz	0.4s
Trip value (test result)-1	51.98 Hz	407ms	47. 5 Hz	413ms
Trip value (test result)-2	51.98 Hz	404ms	47. 5 Hz	411ms
Trip value (test result)-3	51.98 Hz	414ms	47. 5 Hz	401ms
Trip value (test result)-4	51.98 Hz	412ms	47. 5 Hz	399ms
Trip value (test result)-5	51.98 Hz	399ms	47. 5 Hz	413ms

Remark:

the operate values are within \pm 0.05 Hz.

The measured trip time was captured by oscilloscope, which colour Pink denotes trip signal, Yellow denotes output voltage of EUT, and Green denotes output current of EUT



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Appendix A: Tables Agilent Technologies WED OCT 31 08:30:53 2018 **1** 500V/ **2** 5.0A/ 5.00V/ 100.0%/ Stop Roll $\Delta X = 414.000000000$ ms $1/\Delta X = 2.4155Hz$ $\Delta Y(2) = 0.0A$ Mode Source 2 X1 -4.33600s X2 -3.92200s ◆ X1 X2 Manual Over Frequency Agilent Technologies WED OCT 31 08:36:04 2018 4 5.00V/ 100.05/ 5.0A/ Stop Roll $\Delta X = 413.000000000$ ms $1/\Delta X = 2.4213Hz$ $\Delta Y(2) = 0.0A$ Mode Manual Source 2 X1 -2.26600s **◆)** X2 -1.85300s ◆ X1 X2 **Under Frequency**

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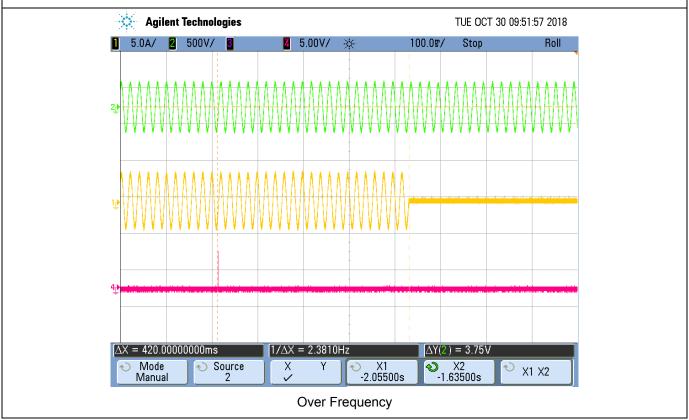
Appendix A: Tables

			· · · · · -	
	Over Fre	equency	Under Fr	equency
Parameter	Frequency	Time	Frequency	Time
Protection limit	50.5Hz	0.5s	49.5Hz	0.5s
Actual setting	50 5H-	0.45	40.511-	0.4-
s applied to interface protection)	50.5Hz	0.4s	49.5Hz	0.4s
Trip value (test result)-1	50.48 Hz	409ms	47. 5 Hz	438ms
Trip value (test result)-2	50.48 Hz	406ms	47. 5 Hz	436ms
Trip value (test result)-3	50.48 Hz	420ms	47. 5 Hz	428ms
Trip value (test result)-4	50.48 Hz	418ms	47. 5 Hz	427ms
Trip value (test result)-5	50.48 Hz	398ms	47. 5 Hz	437ms

Remark:

the operate values are within ± 0.05 Hz.

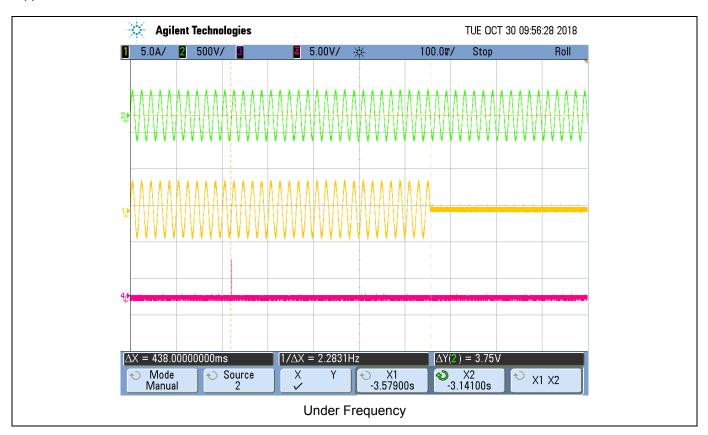
The measured trip time was captured by oscilloscope, which colour Pink denotes trip signal, Yellow denotes output voltage of EUT, and Green denotes output current of EUT





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Appendix A: Tables

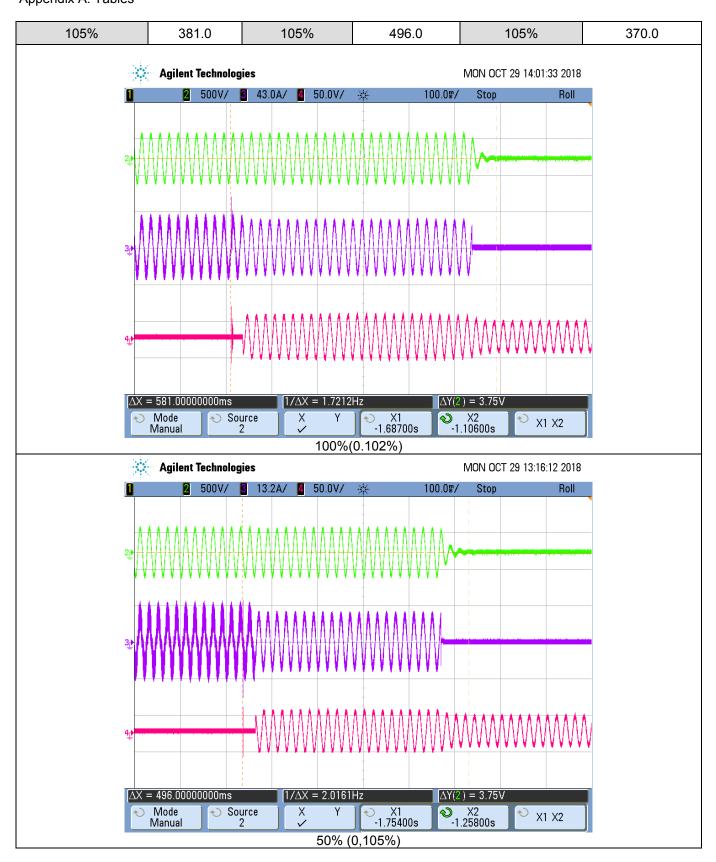


D.2.5	TABL	E: Detectio	Р					
U _N =2 RLC Disto				30+/-3Vac consumes inverter real power within +/-3% rtion factor of chokes <3%				
$P = 1.0 P_N = ($	W)	6020W	$P = 0.5 P_N = (W)$	3010W	$P = 0.25 P_N = (W)$	1453W		
() ₁ = 12 62K Var		Cut-off tim (ms)	e Q _L = 7.73KVar	Cut-off time (ms)	Q _L = 4.04KVar	Cut-off time (ms)		
95%		365.0	95%	214.0	95%	410.0		
96%		387.0	96%	307.0	96%	465.0		
97%		473.0	97%	372.0	97%	532.0		
98%		383.0	98%	361.0	98%	373.0		
99%		537.0	99%	419.0	99%	582.0		
100%		477.0	100%	410.0	100%	496.0		
101%		422.0	101%	172.0	101%	418.0		
102%		581.0	102%	439.0	102%	445.0		
103%		427.0	103%	420.0	103%	417.0		
104% 387.0		387.0	104%	434.0	104%	409.0		

TTRF No. EN50438b



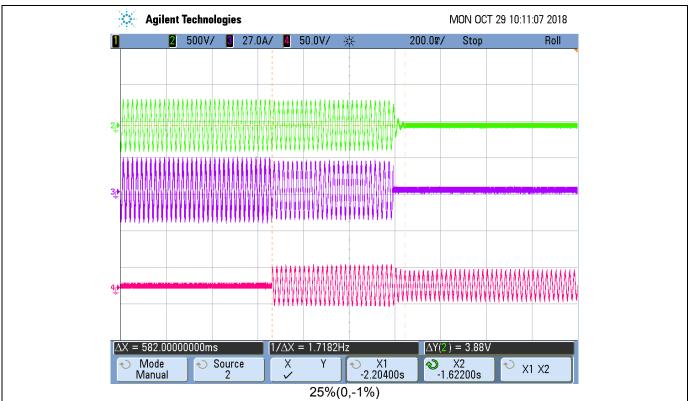
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Appendix A: Tables



The measured trip time was captured by oscilloscope, which colour Pink denotes trip signal, Green denotes output voltage of EUT, and Purple denotes output current of EUT



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Appendix A: Tables

D.3.1 Operating range					
Test sequence	Voltage	Frequency	Output power	Primary	power source
Test 1	195.5V	47.5Hz	5846.26W	61	44.59W
Test 2	253V	51.5Hz	5970.99W	61	51.81W

D.3.2 Active power feed-i	Р			
Test sequence	Frequency	Output power	Prima	y power source
Test a)	50.0Hz	5992.12W	(6193.77W
Test b)	49.5Hz	5991.07W	(6193.37W
Test c)	47.5Hz	5991.88W	(6191.46W

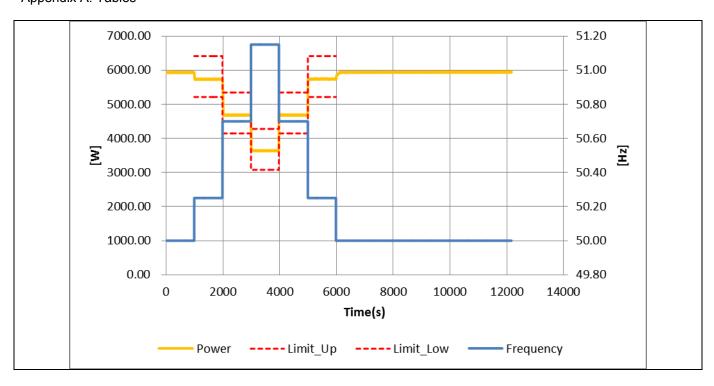
D.3.3 Power respons	Р			
Test sequence at power level >80%	Output Power	Frequency	Primary Power source	Power gradient
Step a)	5932.65W	50Hz	6132.95W	
Step b)	5736.99W	50.25Hz	5928.99W	
Step c)	4699.99W	50.70Hz	4851.50W	
Step d)	3646.40W	51.15Hz	3758.80W	
Step e)	4683.86W	50.70Hz	4834.13W	
Step f)	5736.63W	50.25Hz	5929.86W	
Step g)	5930.33W	50Hz	6130.96W	

Remark:

Test for frequency threshold 50.2Hz with droop 5%, intentional delay is setting to 0s the active power frequency response is delivered with an accuracy of \pm 10%Pn







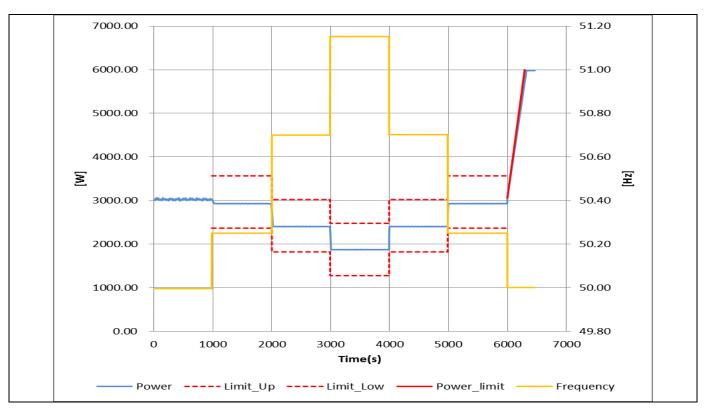
D.3.3 Power respons	Р			
Test sequence at power level 40%-60%	Output Power	Frequency	Primary Power source	Power gradient
Step a)	3025.78W	50.00Hz	3113.87W	
Step b)	2930.86W	50.25Hz	3017.20W	
Step c)	2411.74W	50.70Hz	2483.59W	
Step d)	1876.49W	51.15Hz	1934.01W	
Step e)	2402.13W	50.70Hz	2473.45W	
Step f)	2926.71W	50.25Hz	3012.60W	
Step g)	5984.20W	50.00Hz	6182.75W	562.50W/1min

Test for frequency threshold 50.2Hz with droop 5%, intentional delay is setting to 0s

The active power frequency response is delivered with an accuracy of 10%Pn
The power grade where rise the power above Pm is less than 10%Pn/min, the default setting is 10%Pn/min



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D.3.4.1 Uncontrollable reactive power Model: HYD 3000-ES Power factor Limit + 0,95 - 0,95 at three voltage levels and four power levels 210V 230V 250V 20% of nominal active 0.9771 0.9769 0.9770 power 50% of nominal active 0.9992 0.9992 0.9993 power 75% of nominal active 0.9995 0.9995 0.9995 power 100% of nominal active 0.9996 0.9995 0.9996 power

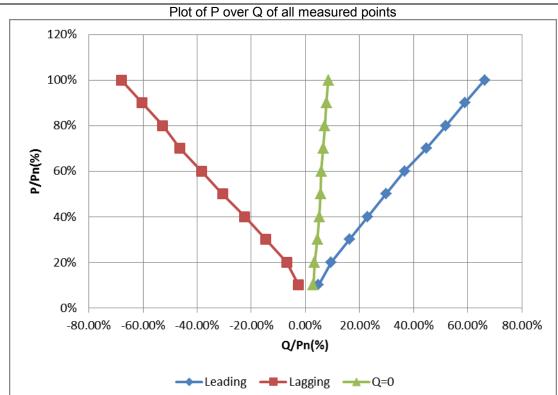
Remark:

The tests performed on model HYD 6000-ES, that are representable with HYD 3600-ES, HYD 4000-ES, HYD 5000-**ES, HYD 3000-ES**



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D 3.4.2 Reactive power output capability



Set reactive power(Var)	Test sequence start of generation	Output power(W)	Measured reactive power(Var)	Cosφ
	0%-10%	279.43	293.63	0.6894
	10%-20%	616.59	575.29	0.7312
	20%-30%	1211.81	980.75	0.7933
	30%-40%	1811.98	1384.58	0.7946
Max Over excited	40%-50%	2410.17	1789.82	0.8028
Max Over excited	50%-60%	3013.35	2201.05	0.8075
	60%-70%	3600.65	2687.13	0.8014
	70%-80%	4211.67	3119.74	0.8036
	80%-90%	4801.74	3539.35	0.8050
	90%-100%	5423.00	3977.46	0.8064
Max Under excited	0%-10%	288.95	-147.61	0.8905

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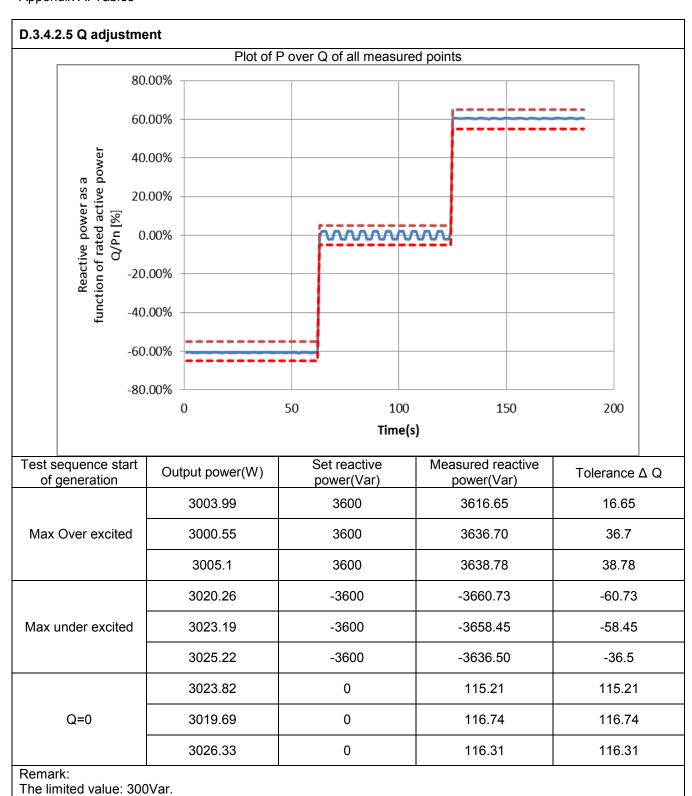


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	10%-20%	616.72	-409.60	0.8330
	20%-30%	1209.24	-875.72	0.8099
	30%-40%	1799.07	-1341.47	0.8017
	40%-50%	2413.62	-1831.18	0.7967
	50%-60%	3005.14	-2304.52	0.7935
	60%-70%	3602.54	-2781.55	0.7915
	70%-80%	4224.55	-3166.87	0.8001
	80%-90%	4813.94	-3621.85	0.7991
	90%-100%	5416.15	-4082.79	0.7985
	0%-10%	280.99	175.79	0.8477
	10%-20%	619.29	208.52	0.9477
	20%-30%	1211.42	269.95	0.9760
	30%-40%	1820.89	310.37	0.9900
	40%-50%	2406.76	339.81	0.9902
Q=0	50%-60%	3008.16	356.56	0.9926
	60%-70%	3615.65	398.77	0.9940
	70%-80%	4202.13	432.04	0.9948
	80%-90%	4813.36	470.11	0.9953
	90%-100%	5404.31	510.31	0.9956



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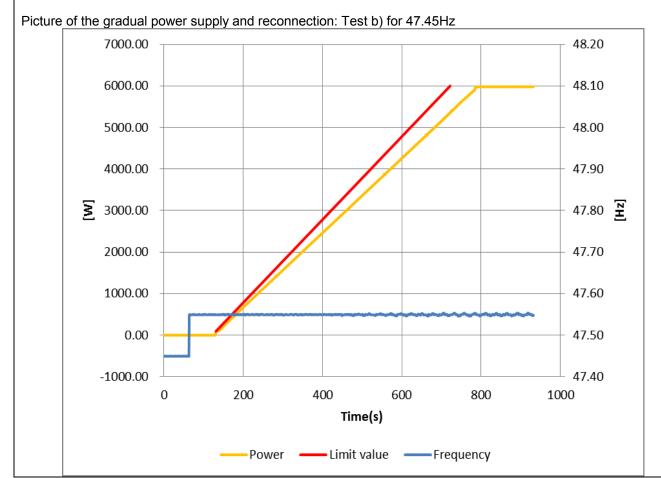




Appendix A: Tables

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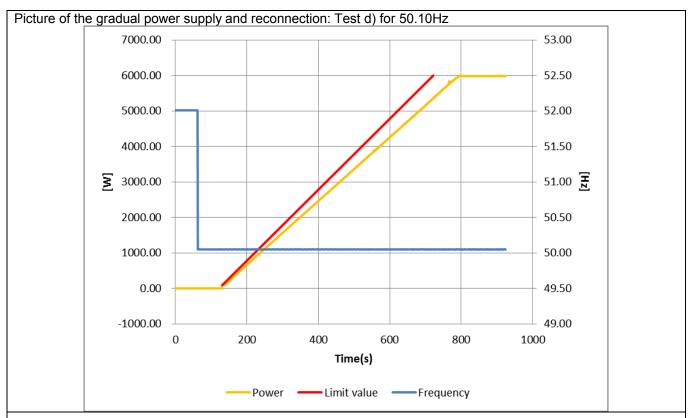
D.3.6.2 Connection a	Р			
Test sequence after trip	connection	connection allowed	Primary power source	Power gradient after connection
Step a)	<47.45Hz	No		
Step b)	≥47.45Hz	Yes	5984.2W	544.02W /1min
Step c)	>50.10Hz	No	-	-
Step d)	≤50.10Hz	Yes	5980.72W	543.70W /1min
Step e)	<193.2V	No	-	-
Step f)	≥195.5V	Yes	5973.57W	543.05W /1min
Step g)	>255.3V	No	-	-
Step h)	≤253V	Yes	5973.59W	542.07W /1min

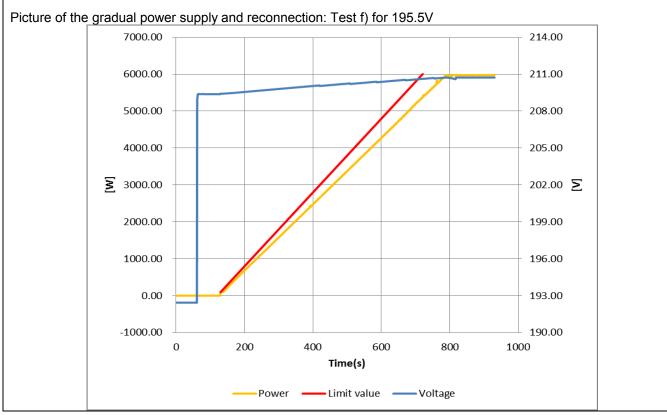




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Appendix A: Tables

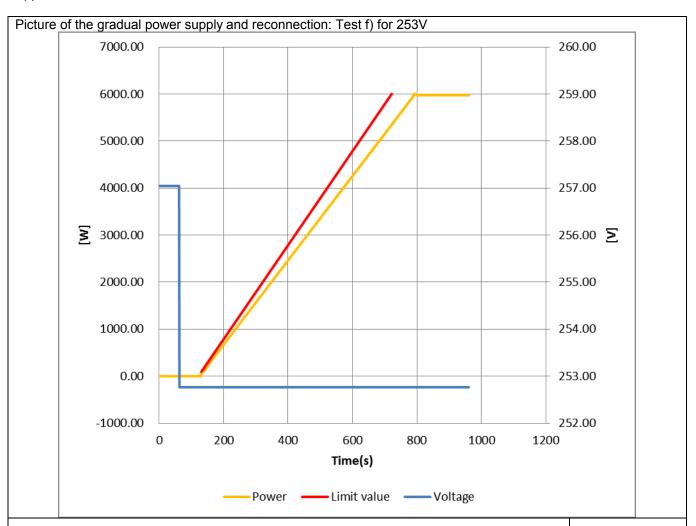






Appendix A: Tables

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D.3.6.3 Start of generating electrical power Ρ Power Test sequence connection Primary power connection gradient after after trip allowed source connection Step a) <47.45Hz No Step b) ≥47.45Hz Yes 5984.2W 544.02W /1min Step c) >50.15Hz No Step d) ≤50.15Hz Yes 5980.72W 543.70W /1min <193.2V No Step e) Step f) ≥193.2V Yes 5973.57W 543.05W /1min Step g) >255.3V No Step h) ≤255.3V Yes 5973.59W 542.07W /1min

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D 3.8 Harmonic current emissions Maximum permissible harmonic current as per EN 61000-3-2 Class A					
order n	Measur	3-2 in Amps			
2	0.0026	0.0052	1.080		
3	0.1697	0.2521	2.300		
4	0.0037	0.0130	0.430		
5	0.0629	0.0446	1.140		
6	0.0027	0.0208	0.300		
7	0.0290	0.0530	0.770		
8	0.0023	0.0138	0.230		
9	0.0150	0.0035	0.400		
10	0.0018	0.0067	0.184		
11	0.0058	0.0070	0.330		
12	0.0024	0.0053	0.153		
13	0.0017	0.0090	0.210		
14	0.0008	0.0098	0.131		
15	0.0042	0.0255	0.150		
16	0.0006	0.0086	0.115		
17	0.0049	0.0100	0.132		
18	0.0004	0.0047	0.102		
19	0.0082	0.0197	0.118		
20	0.0011	0.0005	0.092		
21	0.0089	0.0207	0.107		
22	0.0023	0.0035	0.084		
23	0.0097	0.0148	0.098		
24	0.0007	0.0040	0.077		
25	0.0100	0.0221	0.090		
26	0.0010	0.0052	0.071		

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Appendix A: Tables

27	0.0094	0.0145	0.083	
28	0.0015	0.0013	0.066	
29	0.0100	0.0156	0.078	
30	0.0028	0.0016	0.061	
31	0.0101	0.0134	0.073	
32	0.0007	0.0021	0.058	
33	0.0098	0.0104	0.068	
34	0.0043	0.0043	0.054	
35	0.0100	0.0114	0.064	
36	0.0055	0.0023	0.051	
37	0.0094	0.0086	0.061	
38	0.0036	0.0019	0.048	
39	0.0100	0.0087	0.058	
40	0.0245	0.0099	0.046	

		D 3.9 Voltage	Fluctuations and F	licker	
Maximum permissible flicker and voltage fluctuation as per EN 61000-3-3				N 61000-3-3	
Value	P _{st}	P _{lt}	d(t) - 500ms	dc	dmax
Limit	1.0	0.65	3.3%	3.3%	4%
Test value	0.43	0.41	0	1.77	2.15

D.3.10 DC injection						
Model HYD 6000-ES						
	Power level					
	20%	50%	75%	100%		
DC current	0.0164	0.0287	0.0415	0.0492		
0.5% of nominal current	0.130A	0.130A	0.130A	0.130A		

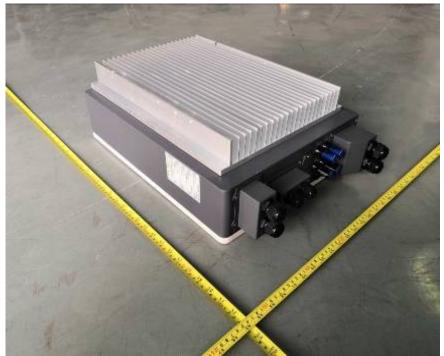
The tests performed on model HYD 6000-ES, that are representable with HYD 3000-ES, HYD 3600-ES, HYD 4000-ES, HYD 5000-ES







Overview



Bottom view



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Connection view

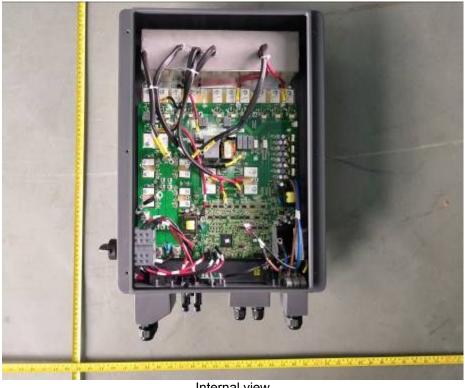




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Internal view for model HYD 5000-ES, HYD 6000-ES



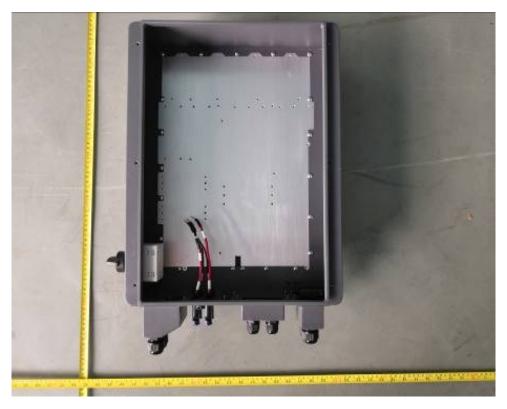
Internal view



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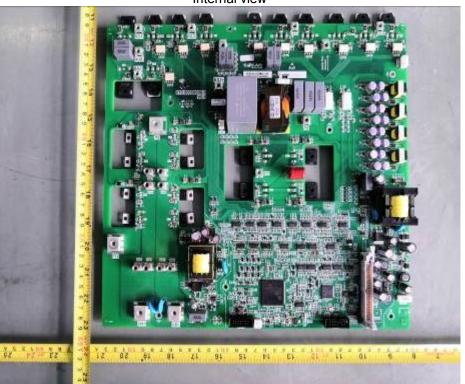
Earthing view





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Internal view



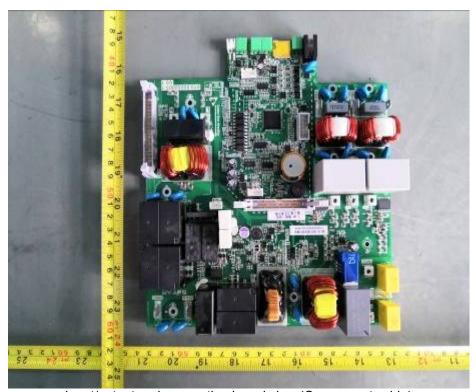
Power board view (Components side)



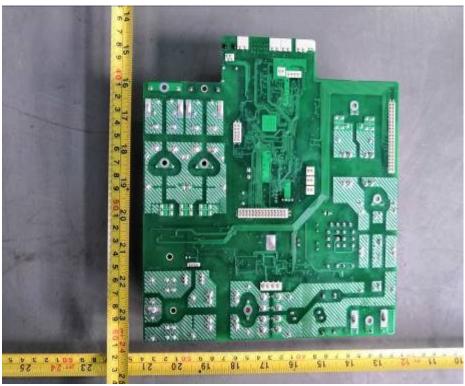
Power board view (Soldered side)



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Input/output and connection board view (Components side)



Input/output and connection board view (Soldered side)
(End of Report)